## WASHINGTON.

Arrival of the Ram Stonewall from Havana.

he Rewards for the Apprehension of Jeff. Davis and the Assassination Conspirators.

All Claims Must be Filed with the Attorney General Before the 1st of January.

Revocation of the Rewards Offered for the Arrest of Jake Thompson, Beverly Tucker, Sanders, Cleary and John H. Surratt.

Arrangements for the Care of Disabled New York Soldiers.

eded Want and Suffering Among the r Whites and Freedmen of the South.

AND THE ASSASSINATION CONSPIRATORS. the following order was issued to-day:-

The following order was issued to-day:—

ORNERAL ORDERS—NO. 164.

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, 
WASHINGTON, NOV. 24, 1865.

Ordered—First—That all persons clatiming reward for 
the apprehension of John Wilkes Booth, Lewis Payne, 
A. Azerott and David B. Harold and Jeff. Davis, or 
ther of them, are notified to file their claims and proofs 
sith the Adjutant General for final adjudication by the 
poetial commission appointed to award and determine 
pon the validity of such claims before the 1st of Janary next, after which time no claims will be received. 
Second—The rewards offered for the arrest of Jacob 
hompson, Beberly Tucker, George N. Sanders, William 
Cleary and John H. Surratt are revoked.

By order of the
PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.
E. D. TOWNSEND. Assistant Adjutant General. RRIVAL OF THE RAM STONEWALL.

Brown. The only incident of the veyage which oner, which ran across the bow of the ram off Smith's t, in Chesapeake Bay. The night being dark it may wall away from Havana, owing to a derangement of her machinery and the keeping of holidays by the Spanish officials, who extended to our officers many courtesies and unexpected civilities. The total amount paid to the Suban authorities for the custody of the ram's ordnance, stores and provisions was eighteen thousand and sixty-

ked her. The Farragut court martial is to visit her rrow, partly for the purpose of ascertaining by per-inspection whether, under the circumstances, he ld have attacked her at all hazards when off Ferrol.

DISABLED NEW YORK SOLDIERS. onel Morgan, Superintendent of New York Soldiers' cles, has been in town for several days, and is condisabled New York soldiers. It is con-

sceed from the devastation of the war, and which, eir extremity, the respective States can do but little neetves to stay. This is a matter that will in all lifty be touched upon in General Howard's report, de to commend itself more urgently to the libe-

efty of Richmond report that an increase of disease among the colored population of that city, now estimated at twenty-five thousand, is becoming very apparent. The major portion of the above number have their quar-ters immediately in the city, while the residue are gathin the larger rebel camps that everywhere environs.

An orphan anylum for the blacks, instituted a buseau, has recently been taken in charge by the ty of Friends. There are about three hundred in-

researcies in the lower grades of the regular army song the field and company officers of the Veteran e corps exist at the present time. The order fore issued by the War Department providing for amining of applicants to fill the vacancies of the rarmy is being executed, and an order has just remulgated directing the regimental officers of the m Reserve corps to forward to the chief mustering. remembered that of what is called the regular army the orms of nine regiments of infantry, three battalions such, one regiment of artillery and one of cavalry will by Hence legislation will become necessary in regard to those branches of the military service.

lar army dates from March 29, 1865.

Colonel and Brevet Brigadier General Cadew, of the
Twenty-second United States colored regiment, has been
brevetted a major general of volunteers. He entered the
service a private and was a non-commissioned officer

coeded Colonel Amos Binney as chief paymaster under under General Terry, is reported to have received the appointment of paymaster in the regular army, with the

THE EXCLUSION OF CORRESPONDENTS FROM THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

The New York Tribuns mays the exclusion of its Washington correspondent from the State Department is reported to have been in consequence of the Hanalo's

need to have been in consequence of the Haratio's indering and inaccurate statement concerning the ap-nument of Channey M. Depew as Minister to Japan. The statement was not "inaccurate," but strictly true.
The State Department will not deay that the appointment was not only made, but signed. If the state was afterwards changed it did not change the fact of Mr.

Depew's appointment.

APPLICATION TO THE PREEDMEN'S BUREAU POR
RESTORATION OF PROPERTY.

Mr. Joseph Porrest, a prominent landed proprietor in

M. Marys county, Maryland, and lately pardoned by the
President, was yesterday at the Freedmen's Bureau applying for the restoration of his property, which is now
mostly under cultivation of freedmen. After proving
from the record that the title of the estate is vested in
him, the property will be turned over, with the requirement of Mr. Porrest thus he shall pay a fair sum to the

blacks now in occupation for the improvements that have been added to the lands through their agency. This requirement, it is understood, the Bureau will ex-

GRATIFYING REPORTS FROM CENTRAL VIRGINIA. Gentlemen—some of them ex-rebel soldiers—who have recently come up to Washington from the valley of Virportion of the State to be highly satisfactory for the coming winter. All classes of farmers have succeeded sumption, and many will have a surplus of corn and bacon for export to the less fortunate regions of Centra Georgia and Western North Carolina. Mysteriously to use it in years before the war. It is chiefly used in plantation improvements, new buildings, fences, &c. Central Virginia has been reinforced since the war by many live Yankees farmers, although this fact may not be generally known, and they have not only lived down Old Dominion projudices against their class, but have imbued the easy-going Virginia farmer with something of a Yankee spirit of progress. More of them will be welcome, and land will be sold them cheap. Freedmen among them do not stand particularly in need of commiseratios, being generally in better cendition to weather the winter than philanthropists hoped for. Comparatively few will need aid from pists hoped for. Comparatively few will need aid from the bureau or any other source.

Mr. Conway, so long known as agent for freedmen's affairs in Louisiana, was not removed for political reasons, as seems to be generally understood. He has been ordered to report to General Fisk, of the Freedmen's Bureau for Kentucky and Tennessee, and will soon leave for his new field of duty, unless he should deadle to the content of decide to visit Liverpool and London, as requested by

arrived to-day.

ngton, and will be here early next week.

Among those on board of the lost steamer Mount were the newly appointed United States Marshal for the Eastern district of Florida and S. L. Burrit, member of

the Florida Constitutional Convention and a strong ARRIVAL OF CONGRESSMEN Congressmen are beginning to arrive. By the middle of next week many others are expected. It is yet too

early to speculate as to organization. Several candidates are likely to come up for Sergeant-at-Arms. Mr. Ordway, of New Hampshire; General Ingraham, of Massachusetts, and Messrs. Hubbell and Dilano, of Ohio, are already on the ground.

CARPET FOR THE REPRESENTATIVE CHAMBER. One of the late acquisitions to the House of Repre-centatives is a carpet imported from England, costing gant in pattern and of finest quality; but the opinion is not wanting among the crowds of people that daily visit the Capitol and examine the splendid appointments of the Representative chamber that the fabric in question could with greater propriety have been had from an

THE AIR LINE RAILBOAD SCHEME. A communication in one of the evening papers to-night, evidently the production of some member of the third house who has succeeded in aircady establishing mself for the winter, hints at a revivification next ses ington and New York.

THE LATE ATTEMPTED FRAUD ON THE TREASURY. The Secretary of the Treasury has written a letter of acknowledgment to Lowenthal & Co., of this city, for their valuable co-operation in exposing the late fraud in

The total amount of conscience money received at the freasury Department for the year ending with June last was \$20,876. It was received in sums varying from 50 cents to \$500.

SALES OF PUBLIC LANDS. Twenty-six patents, embracing 7,878 acres of public land, were to-day transmitted to the Register of the Land Office at Vancouver, Washington Territory, for delivery to parties entitled thereto and issued them on denative ertificates, granted pursuant to the original act of Con

GIBRALTAR FREE FROM CHOLERA United States Consul at Gibraltar a communication that the Sanitary Board at that port has declared the place oon be raised by the Spanish government.

THE RUSSIAN CATTLE PLAGUE. cattle plague in Bussia he quotes extracts from the Russian Gasette of Moscow in proof of the fact. Nothing is attempted to arrest the plague. The superstitious people regard that as a sin. Some of the larger villages people regard that as a sin. Some of the larger villages scarcely retain a tenth of their original number. Cattle perish by hundreds, and sheep by thousands. The description of the cattle plague does not answer to the one raging in England in all respects; but climate and other surroundings greatly change the symptoms and character of the same disease, as is well known; and notwithstanding the denials of the Russian authorities, who are much interested in the export of cattle, tallow, hides and wool, Minister Clay is of the decided opinion that the disease was carried from the Baltic Russian ports to

Missiasippi Legislature)
MESSAGE OF GOVERNOR HUMPHREYS.

JACKSON, Miss., Nov. 20, 1865. Governor Humphreys sent a message to the State Leg-islature recommending that negro testimony be admitted into the courts; that freedumen be encouraged to work, so into the courts; that freedmen be encouraged to work, so that they can support their families and educate their children; that they be assured of protection from the State in working for the support of themselves and their families; that a tax be imposed upon them for the support of helpless freedmen; that the vagrants be forced to engage in some profitable employment to support themselves, and that a militia law be passed enabling the militia to protect the people of the State against vagrant negroes and white men. He deems the passage of these passages of vital importance, and the passage of these measures as of vital importance, and says that it may be the means of withdrawing the federal troops from the State.

# Louisiana Legislature.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 23, 1865. The Louisiana State Legislature met to-day. than organizing, no business of importance was trans-

HARRISHURG, Nov. 24, 1865.
Governor Curtin has been confined to the Executive Governor Curtin has been confined to the Executive mansion since his return from New York, until to-day. Governor Curtin is in his second term, and now, after four years of unparalleled labor, for the first time yields to the suggestions of his physicians and his friends to relinquish his official duties for a short time, while he goes to Cuba for rest and recuperation. He will be accompanied by Mrs. Curtin, Surgeon General Phillips, and one or two intimate relatives. The party have secured passage on the steamer which leaves New York next week. The Governor will return in time to prepare his annual message for the coming session of the Legislature.

The Pennsylvania Steel Works.

Hannasuno, Pa., Nov. 24, 1865.

The Secretary of the Pennsylvania Steel Works has decided to accept what is known as the Helker farm, two and a half miles southeast of Harrisburg. The ground at that point is contiguous to the Susquehanna river, and immediately on the line of the Pennsylvania Raifroad. Engineers were on the plot to-day surveying the necessary lines for the area required for the erection of the works. It is admitted by all practical machinists that this enterprise will be the most extensive of its kind ever erected in America, and is to be on this continent what the celebrated works of Wales Butcher at Sheffield are to Europe. One thousand experienced worksome in steel will be brought from England, while fittens hundred other skilled mechanics will be required for the full operation of these works.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1865.

## EVACUATION DAY.

The Military Celebration Yesterday-Parade of the First Division, National Guard-A Spiendid Turn Out-Return of an Eighth Regiment Flag-Presentation to Colonel Mason, of the Sixth Regiment-Serenade to Governor Fen

memoration of Evacuation Day, was quite a spirited a fine appearance. There were two or three lar anniversary of evacuation; but, owing to the incorvenience experienced by our citizen soldiers in paradin

any particular demonstration on Evacuation Day. News from the front was looked after with such eagerness that all celebrations were entirely forgotten. The tele-grams from Virginia and other parts of the South usurped the attention of all, while home movements were re-garded as secondary and of little consequence. The Fourth of July, although an anniversary ever memora-ble in the history of our country, did not receive that enthusiastic attention which the day deserved, and all minor celebrations were similarly treated. Yesterday, however, the anniversary of Evacuation was approprihowever, the anniversary of Evacuation was appropr liberal and enthusiastic part in the ceremonies.

THE MILITARY PARADE. The parade of the First division, under command of Major General Charles W. Sandford, was the feature of the day. From an early hour in the morning crowds had congregated in the streets where a view could be had of the military procession. Our militia never turned out under more favorable auspices or looked better. The different regiments have received large accessions since the conclusion of the war. Veterans have strong evidence of the excellent material which has in-creased the strength of our militia organization. In addition to the First division, the Iwenty-third regiment, of Brooklyn, also paraded, and looked remarkably well. This organization is a credit to Brooklyn and to the National Guard of the State.

When the line was a Contract of the Enton. When the line was compactly founded Governor Fenton, accompanied by his small constitution of Quarternaster General Merritt, Commissary 6 25%. Palaner, Inspector General Batcheller, Commissary and several other officers, rade along in reversion was received with enditoring the control of th

About haif-past two o'clock the division started, and, filing into Fourth avonue, advanced up to Twenty-third street, Madison avenue and Thirty-fourth street to Fifth avenue. In these localities a large number of persons had congregated to see the procession. Their reception of the military was quite enthusiastic. In Fourth and Madison avenues the sidewalks, piazzas, doorsteps and windows were filled with thousands anxious to witness the display. In many cases the soldiers were cheered, and where a particular officer became recognized a bouquet was soon placed in his possession. It was to be regretted that the streets were not in better condition for marching. The weather, mo other respects, was singularly appropriate for the occasion. A bright sun, with a temperate atmosphere, did away with the necessity for overcoats.

gularly appropriate for the occasion. A bright sun, with a temporate atmosphere, did away with the necessity for overcoats.

'MARCHING SALUTE TO GOVERNOR FENTON. At half-past three o'clock the head of the procession reached Madheon square. Governor Fenton, with his staff, had placed himself at the corner of Twenty-fourth street and Fifth avenue for the purpose of reviewing the troops. The Governor remained on horseback until the entire division had passed. At this time the scone was inspiriting and martial. The strains of several bands, the appliance of the crowd and the trainp of thousands of citizen soldiery made the occasion one of much interest and geneine enthusiasm. The military passed the Fifth Avenue Hotel in the following order:

Troop of Cavalry (Washington Greys), Capital Smith. Major General Chas. W. Sandford, Commanding First Division, N. G., and Staff.

Second Regiment Infantry, Col. Homas M. Reid.

Seventy-first Regiment Infantry, Col. Ben. L. Trafford. Twenty-third Regiment Infantry, of Brooklya, Col. Calvin Eventy-soventh Regiment Infantry, Col. John O'Mahony. First New York Cavalry, Col. D. C. Minton. Third New York Cavalry, Col. D. C. Minton. Third New York Cavalry, Col. Deel W. Mason. Tweith Regiment Infantry, Col. John O'Mahony. First New York Cavalry, Col. Deel W. Mason. Tweith Regiment Infantry, Col. John W. Mason. Tweith Regiment Infantry, Col. John W. Third, Seventh Regiment Infantry, Col. Malon. Third New York Cavalry, Col. B. Fortley. Firth Regiment Infantry, Col. John M. Varian. Nintsy-sixth Regiment Infantry, Col. W. G. Ward. Nintsy-sixth Regiment Infantry, Col. Malon. Thirty-seventh Regiment Infantry, Col. Entire. Eleventh Regiment Infantry, Col. Balled M. Varian. Nintsy-sith Regiment Infantry, Col. Eleventh Regiment Infantry, Col. Balled M. Varian. Thirty-seventh Regiment Infantry, Col. Balled M. Varian. Nintsy-sith Regiment Infantry, Col. S. R. Pinckney. The procession occupied nearly two bours in passing the Fifth Avenue Botel. The Washington Greys, attached to the Eighth regime

PRESENTATION OF A PLAG BY THE BIGHTH REGI

PRESENTATION TO COLONEL MASON, OF THE SIXTH

PRESENTATION TO COLONEL MASON, OF THE SIXTH REGIMENT.

Colonel Joel W. Mason, in command of the Sixth regiment, N. G., was yesterday presented with a sword, sash and belt, together with an elegant watch and chain, by the officers and privates of his regiment. The presentation was made at the armory in Broome street, near Centre, yesterday morning, previous to the parade, Lieutenant Colonel Schwartz, on behalf of the regiment, made a speech upon the occasion, to which Colonel Mason responded in appropriate language.

THE ORIGINAL EVACUATION.

son responded in appropriate language.

THE ORIGINAL EVACUATION.

It was stated in Wednesday morning's Herano, in giving an incident of Evacuation Day, that a sailor lad climbed the pole from which waved the British flag, at the Battery, on the 25th of November, 1783, and took down the emblem, supplying its place with the Stars and Stripes of a free nation, and this in sight of the enemy, whose ships had not yet departed from the harbor. Parties who knew the mother of the young man alluded to state his name to have been James Lynn, the son of the maker of a popular salve much in vogue at the time. He nailed cleats upon the slippery pole as the ascended. Upon the completion of his perilous undertaking he was loudly cheef d by the assembled freemen, and a salute of thirteen guns was freed by the federal lorces in honor of the occasion. The name of James Lynn is worthy of preservation.

band gave immediately on their arrival, agreeably surprised the Generals, it being quite unexpected on their part. The troop were invited to partake of such hospitalities as so short a notice would admit of. The honor was proferred in acknowledgment for having recently furnished this organization with arms and equipments. On entering the arsenal speeches were made by Mr. P. Devoy, Captain Dunleavy, Captain Dougherty, Generals Palmer, Merritt and others.

SERENADE TO GOVERNOR FENTON.

The proceedings in honor of the evacuation of New

York were agreeably brought to a close by a serenade to Governor Fenten, at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. The hour blage. Among those present were Generals Merritt, Locke, Hall and Marvin, Colonel G. C. Ellison and lady, Colonel Darling, Colonel Hastings, Captain C. W. Goddard, Colonel and Mrs. Manley, Miss Hall, Mrs. Gen-

# THE BRITISH PROVINCES.

The Executive Council Sitting at the New Capi at—The Sanders Kidnappers Admitted to Buil—Agitation of the French Canadian Rouge Party—The Meetings in New York Telling-Heavy Snow Storm, &c. The first sitting of the Executive Council took place a

Ottowa city yesterday. This initiates government at the new capital. Up to the 21st instant the Council sat in the St. Lawrence Hall of this city-a now famous hotel, Two of the men arrested for kidnapping Sanders,

Blossom and Clayton, were admitted to bail yesterday by Judge Badgley in the sum of \$1,200 each and two sureties citement of the Fenian movement are dying out. No more volunteer militia is to be sent to the frontier, and

the young braves will pass the winter by their own fre-sides, instead of in bivouse or in barrack, unless the Penians avail themselves of the ice to cross the St. Lawrence at some point or points between this and rescol, C. W. Lawrence at some point or points between this and Tractott, C. W. —

The meeting in New York of French Canadians has agitated the Rouge party here, and their organs, Le Pays and Le Courrier dis Casada, have begun a series of attacks on Eaglish domination, &c. Those attacks, coming at this momens, will increase the troubles of this country; and, if the United States wish to see the sins of the parent visited on the head of the son, the wish will likely be realized in some degree time winter. If Ragiand is guilty of many sins committed during the United States time of trouble it can now he made to do severe penance.

Already the transport of troups from point to point in Canada has cost a large sum of money, and during the winter it will cost still more. In fact, the English officials will be kept in a state of worry for at least six months to come, at which you can laugh, as the English did in your time of trouble.

A heavy snow storm has been raging on the lower St. Lawrence, and the steamer from Quebec was in great peril of being lost. All night she lay at anohor, rolling and straining. She tore out the cable pipe and broke the fluke of one anchor. Had not the other anchor held, the steamer would have gone ashore. The passengers suffered very much all night, and were in constant fear of being lost.

Deing lost.

News from Terressee.

ORGANIZATION OF PORCES FOR THE SUPPRESSION OF ROBBERIES AND MURDERS, ETC.

NASSYLLE, Nov. 24, 1865.

of the county to protect themselves against the bands of robbers and murderers who infest this city and the surrounding country. Citizens from each ward were en-rolled for patrol duty.

The citizens of Davidson county assembled at the court

house to-day, passed resolutions to organize a force for the suppression of robbers and lawlessness in the sur-rounding country. Twenty-five men were detailed to equip and mount sufficient men to co-operate with this force, and effectually exterminate the desperadoes who are in our midst. A request was made on Judge Frazer, of the Criminal Court, for a special Jury for the assassins cotton market is still declining and is very dull.

To-day the receipts were 700 bales and the shipments 386. Prices, 40c. a 44c. for middling, closing at 40c.

## The Ohio Election. COLUMBUS, Ohio, Nov. 24, 1865.

General Cox's official majority over Morgan is 29,936 which is from 1,500 to 1,800 less than the majorities o

## THE LATE DISASTROUS GALES.

Ten of Her Crew-The Ship Thomas Dunham Ashore-Loss of the Ship Paper ma-Wreck of the British Brig Peterel-Disaster to the Brige Triton and Mazatlan-The Steamship Vera Crus in

LOSS OF THE SHIP BENJAMIN ADAMS. The ship Benjamin Adams, commanded by Captain F.
J. Chase, sailed from Beaufort, N. C., on the 18th ult.
for Mobile, and encountered the terrific gales which
swept our coast and destroyed many valuable vessels between the 18th and 26th of October. On the 23d the
Benjamin Adams was wrecked on Spanish Key, Abaco, the second officer and ten of the crew, it Charles T. Chase, a nephew of the captain, found a watery grave. Captain Chase and his wife were saved.

The vessel was a total loss.

The following is a list of the scamen belonging to the ship Benjamin Adams who were unfortunately drowned

George Fackrell, second mate.

George Fackreit, second mate,
———, carpenter.
William Pike, sailmaker.
Julius Smith, steward.
Peter U. Lang, cook.
George Paine, John Ford, James Roe and James
Chancy, seamen; and Charles T. Chase, boy.
The Benjamin Adams was owned in this city by J. T. Tapscott and others, and was well known in the Eur

trade, in which she had been engaged for a number of years. She was a good ship, built at Bath, Me., in 1852, registered 1,170 tons, and rated A1%. THE SHIP THOMAS DUNHAM ASHORE. The ship Thomas Dunham, commanded by Captain J. C. Young, sailed from London on the 28th of September for New York, with a valuable general cargo on board, and Jones' Beach, near New Inlet, Long Island. She lays in an easy position, had not bilged when our informant left her, and there is a good prospect of getting her off, espe-cially as the wind yesterday was off shore, which would

The Thomas Durham is a very fine ship of 1,096 tons owned in this city by Thomas Dunham, after whom she

LOSS OF THE SRIP PANAMA. The ship Panama, Captain Hauson, from New York bound to Galveston, Texas, with a cargo of hay, salt and lumber, was wrecked at three a. M. on the 24th of Octo washed away, the captain and crew saved themselves by launching the deck house of the vessel. They arrive at Nassan, N. P., on the 2d instant in one of the wreck The l'anima was built in this city in 1844 by Wm. H. Webb, Esq., and was owned by Messrs. Hennings & Gosling. She registered six hundred and ten tons, and rated as A?

DISASTER TO THE BRIG TRITON.

The brig Triton, Charles W. Bent master, bound from Porto Rico to New York with a cargo of sugar and molasses, met with a burricane on the 26th olt in latitude 30 degrees 30 minutes, longitude 72 degrees, which swept off her deck load and everything on deck but the maintains and afterwards capelized her. The mainmast being cut away she righted, and arrived at Naszau, X. P., on the 3d inst under jurymasts. During the worst of the weather two of the crew were washed overboard, but were saved by the returning wave.

THE STRAMSPIP VERA CRUZ IN A GALE.

THE STEAMSTIP VERA CRUZ IN A GAIR.

ON BROHD STEAMSHIP VERA CRUZ, I HARBOR OF HAVANA, NOV. 16, 1855. I HARBOR OF HAVANA, NOV. 16, 1855. I This vessel arrived here yesterday. On Sanday last (according to nautical time) we encountered a fresh gale, which sprang up from the north-northeast. The wind increased until it became terribly severe. In the storm we damaged our wheel and wheelhouse, and are delayed here for repairs. On Monday afternoon the storm abated. Vessels going to the northward must have suffered considerably. While skirting the Florida coast we saw wrecks which seemed very new ones, and there were many of them.

were many of them.

WRECKS OFF RIMINI, RAHAMAS.

[From the Nassau Guardian, Nov. 4.]

Captain Stuart reports that there were sixteen wrecking vessels ashore on the south side of South Bimini, some of which were totally lost. One schooner was driven out to sea, and it is supposed all hands were lost. Twenty one wreckers went ashore at Bimini harbor, but all of them got off without injury. Dismasted ships which had encountered the hurricane were passing by, and the island app- ared as if a great fire had visited it.

Loss of the Schooner Antietam.

r Washington, was abandoned, November 23, fifty fles from Cape Ann, being in a sinking condition and dismasted from the effects of a gale. Captain Chandles was lost overboard and drowned. The crew were saved and brought to this port.

# CITY POLITICS.

Marchall O. Roberts Nominated for Mayor by the Republicans—Alderma-nic and Councilmanic Nominations by the Several Political Parties, &c. REPUBLICAN CITY CONVENTION

The Republican Union Convention met last evening at the Union Rooms, corner of Twenty-third street and Breadway, for the purpose of nominating candidates for Mayor and Corporation Counsel. The Convention was organized by Mr. William R. Stewart being called to the chair and the appointment of H. H. Hulett and Sinclair chair and the appointment of H. H. Hulett and S; Touacy as accretaries. The nomination of a can't for Mayor was then taken by ballot, Marshall O. Re receiving eighty-one votes. It was then moved an-ried that Marshall O. Roberts' nomination for May

MOCHATIC UNION (ANTI-RING) ORGANIZATION ALDERMANIC NOMINATIONS.

The Aldermanic Conventions of this organization were held in the various wards on Thursday evening, and the following candidates were nominated:— Second district, John F. Donoho; Fourth district, Charles McBrien; Sixth district, James Read; Eighth district, Anthony Miller; Tenth district, George W. Jere-miah; Tweifth district, James McVay; Fourteenth dis-trict, Michael Hughes; Sixteenth district, adjourned to Tuesday.

trict, Michael Hughes; Sixteenth district, adjourned to Tuesday.

COUNCILMANIC NOMINATIONS.

This organization held its Councilmanic Conventions last evening, and norm nated the following candidates:—Fourth district—Cornelius Flynn, Anthony J. Oliver, James Long, James Fay, Hugh O'Brien, James J. Wynn.

Fi'th district—John McMahon, Hugh A. Reilly, Lazarus Sies, Thomas W. Skuse, Nicholas Suger, Christopher Nugent.

Sixth district—John Houghtalin, Alexander Coyle, William Lamb, Daniel Buckley, John G. Haviland, George McGrath.

Seventh district—Adjourned to Tuesday.

DEMOCRATIC COUNCILMANIC NOMINATIONS.

The Sixth District Democratic Councilmanic Conve lowing gentlemen were nominated for Councilmen for this district:—John Houghtalin and John G. Haviland, Ninth ward; Alexander Coyle, Fifteenth ward; William Lamb, Sixteenth ward. Daniel Bickles and George Mc-Grath, Eighteenth ward.

REPUBLICAN COUNCILMANIC NOMINATIONS. The following gentlemen were nominated on Thursday vening by the Second District Republican Councilman Convention:—Tenth ward, George W. Marsh; Elevent ward, Clement Watts and William Burns; Thirteent ward, John White; Seventeenth ward, John J. Keho and Wm. H. Falconer.

their establishments at six and seven o'clock P. M.

## MEXICO.

The Liverais Again Advancing Upon Matamoros.

REPORTED IMPERIAL SUCCESSES.

The State of Sinaloa Still Held by the Republicans.

Ex-President Zuloaga Exiled by Maximillian.

Gen. Magruder Appointed Imperial Surveyor General of Colony Lands.

By the arrival at this port yesterday of the steamship Corsica, Captain LeMessurier, from Havana on the 18th instant, we are in receipt of advices from Mexico city to the 8th instant, brought by the French mail steamer Imperatrice Eugenië, which left Vera Cruz on November

HAVANA, Nov. 18, 1865. The news by this arrival is not of importance, as no event had occurred in either civil or military matters be youd the usual now monotonous complaints and orders of the one and the petty skirmishing of the other

of the 6th instant to pay the long promised visit to Yu-catan. Her Majesty was expected in Vera Crus on the 14th, where she was to remain till the 20th, and then embark on board a small merchant steamer for Yuc Her suite consists of twenty-four persons, among them Ministers Ramirez and Escudero and General Uraga. The intended as a delicate compliment to the Empress, whose sequence. Maximilian accompanied his august consort as far as Rio Frio, whence he returned the same evening are was a fête day in the imperial family, and was cole brated accordingly, in a quiet, sociable manner; be cannot say what kind of a fele it was, whether the Em

press' saints' day or her birth day.

General Mendez, imperialist, continues his tric he commands. On the 29th alt, he attacked and dis horses and a few prisoners. The following day Fourels was captured near Silao, and shot next morning. He

The Latest News by Way of New Orleans The Matamoros Ranchero says that the liberals are in force eight miles from that city. A skirmish had taken General Londerry has been appointed Imperial Com

NEW ORLEANS, NOV. 24, 1868. The True Delia's Brazos correspondence, dated Nove

ber 15, has the following:her 13, has the following:

A ludicrous mistake was made to-day by the imperial
ists. Some barges of wood for General Clark, commande
at Brazos, broke loose above Matamoros and Sested pasthat place. Two gunboats, assisted by sand batteries
opened fire on the barges, and continued it until the banges were past the batteries and out of range. One of the barges lost her rudder. It appears the imperialists thought the barges were liberal rams, going down to dam-

city and Bagdad.

Highly important communications had passed between the imperial commander of the fleet and the federal commander at Brownsville, which will cause consid terest in official circles. An official order was issued by Mejia on the 14th pro

ibiting any one from crossing from the American side to Matamoros, or vice versa.

Upon receipt of information that there was firing on Antonio from the Texas side the French Commo

the occurrence. It is reported that a swift vessel will be despatched to France for imperial reinforcements.

The Galveston Bulletin of the 21st says that a gentleman lately from Matamoros reports that the liberal force is much scattered, and the streets of the city have been fortified with earthworks. He also states that two flat-boats came down on the night of the 14th and attacked the imperialists' gunboats, which succeeded in staking

The Bulletin is also informed that the liberals at Co margo were compelling merchants to pay into the liberal treasury the balance due the inhabitants of Majamoros.

causing a general stampede.

The Matamoros Ranchers of the 10th says:—Des the report to the contrary, there is not the alighter prehension of another attack on the city. No ill have been seen or heard from for three days within a circuit of five miles. The only probable band in the vi-

cinity is Cortina's. General Magruder has been appointed Imperial Surveyor General of Colony Lands.